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Topics

- Florida's State Board of Education Strategic Plan
 - College and Career Ready
 - Graduation Requirements
- Student Achievement
 - Statewide Assessment Requirement
- Florida Course Descriptions
 - CPALMS
- Common Core State Standards for Mathematics
- Next Generation Science Standards
- Resources

Florida's State Board of Education Strategic Plan - 2012-2018



"For years, we've been playing by old rules and the results have been dismal. It's time for a bold new direction!"

A Roadmap for Education in Florida http://www.fldoe.org/strategic_plan/

Florida's State Board of Education Strategic Plan 2012-2018

Mission

Section 1008.31, Florida Statute, establishes the mission of Florida's education delivery system.

The mission of Florida's K-20 education system is <u>to increase the</u> <u>proficiency of all students</u> within one seamless, efficient system, by allowing them the opportunity to expand their knowledge and skills through learning opportunities and research valued by students, parents, and communities.

Vision

To achieve the mission established in statute for Florida's education delivery system, the State Board of Education presents the following vision statement.

Florida will have an efficient world-class education system that engages and prepares all students to be globally competitive for college and careers.

Florida's State Board of Education Strategic Plan 2012-2018

Strategic Goals

Section 1008.31, Florida Statute, establishes four goals for Florida's education system. Each of these goals will be measured through the accountability system and progress will be documented through the performance indicators included in the Strategic Plan.

1. Highest Student Achievement

- 2. Seamless Articulation and Maximum Access
- 3. Skilled Workforce and Economic Development
- 4. Quality Efficient Services

	Statutory Go		
	Goal 1: Highest Student Achievement	Goal 2: Seamless Articulation/ Maximum Access	Goal 3: Skilled Workforce/ Economic Development
PreK Students	Improve kindergarten readiness		
K-12 Students	 Increase the percentage of students performing at grade level Increase student participation and performance in accelerated course options 	 Increase high school graduation rates Improve college readiness 	 Expand STEM-related educational opportunities in high-demand areas Increase career and technical education opportunities
		 Expand digital education 	 Improve adult education programs in school districts
Teachers & Leaders	 Increase the percentage of effective and highly-effective principals 	 Increase the percentage of effective and highly-effective teachers at high-minority, high-poverty and low- performing schools 	
	Increase the percentage of effective and highly-effective teachers	 Reduce the number of out-of-field teachers at high-minority, high- poverty and low-performing schools 	
	Reduce the number of out-of-field teachers		
School Choice	• Increase the percentage of charter school students performing at grade level	 Expand choice options for students 	
	 Improve charter school performance Ensure Supplemental Educational Service providers are high performing 		
Postsecondary	Increase college readiness and	Expand and maintain student	Prepare students for careers
Students	success	access	

BUREAU OF CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION GOALS

1. Increase the percentage of students who are College and Career ready upon graduation.

2. Increase the percentage of students who are performing at or above proficiency in all content areas and for all subgroups.

3. Decrease achievement gaps for African American and Hispanic students.

BCI Goal 2 College and Career Readiness



FLDOE Pathways to Success

http://www.fldoe.org/ aala/pdf/ pathwaystosuccessbrochu re-english.pdf_

- Students are college and career ready when they have the knowledge, skills, and academic preparation needed to enroll and succeed in introductory college credit-bearing courses within an associate- or bachelor-level degree program without the need for remedial courses.
- Students need these same attributes and levels of achievement to enter and succeed in postsecondary workforce education programs or to obtain a job that offers a living wage and the chance for career advancement.





http://ritter.tea.state.tx.us/research/pdfs/NGA_compact_rate_policy_brief.pdf



Percent of ACT-Tested High School Graduates Meeting ACT College Readiness Mathematics Benchmark, 2006–2012



Slightly higher percentages of Florida students met the Mathematics Benchmark (22) in 2012 than in 2011.

SAT® Florida SAT Scores

Year	National Average SAT Scores	Florida Average SAT Score
2012	514	490
2011	514	486
2010	515	472
2009	515	498
2008	515	497
2007	515	496
2006	518	497
2005	520	498

Florida's average score in mathematics was 490 in 2012
 The national average is 514
 SAT Uses the 200-800 point scale
 SAT Uses the 200-800 point scale

September 24, 2012 http://www.fldoe.org/ news/ 2012/2012_09_24-3.as p

BCI Strategies for Goal 1

- Provide technical assistance to school districts in the development and implementation of aligned K-12 research-based mathematics and curriculum programs.
- Fully implement with fidelity the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics (CCSS-M)/Next Generation Sunshine State Standards (NGSSS).
- Align curriculum to maximize student learning, so that concepts are progressive and deeper.
- *Review, update, and/or revise course descriptions using the CCSSM/ NGSSS.*
- Target lowest performing districts and provide additional resources, training, and support.
 - Provide teachers with effective training and resources that results in deeper understanding of content knowledge.

2013–2014 9th Grade Cohort 24-credit option

- English 4 credits with major concentration in composition and literature
- Mathematics 4 credits
- Science 3 credits
- Social Studies 3 credits
- Visual and Performing Arts, Speech & Debate, or Practical Arts – 1 credit
- Physical Education 1 credit to include the integration of health
- Electives 8 credits

2013–2014 9th Grade Cohort 24-credit and 3-year, 18 credit options

• Mathematics – 4 credits to include

Algebra 1 (must pass EOC for credit) – 1 credit
Geometry (must pass EOC for credit) – 1 credit
Algebra 2 – 1 credit

Science – 3 credits to include

Biology 1 (must pass EOC for credit)
 Chemistry or Physics – 1 credit
 Equally rigorous science course – 1 credit

Equivalent and Equally Rigorous Courses

- 2013-2014 Florida Course Code Directory includes the identification of:
 - *Equivalent* mathematics and science courses
 - *Equally rigorous* science courses

DPS: 2013-02 Memorandum February 1, 2013 http://info.fldoe.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/ Document-6615/dps201302.pdf

List of Equivalent Mathematics and Science Courses and Equally Rigorous Science Courses

State Graduation Requirements

http://www.fldoe.org/bii/studentpro/grad-require.asp

State Graduation Requirements Charts

Florida's state graduation requirements are outlined in the following charts:

- <u>Students Entering Ninth Grade 2010-2011 School Year</u> (PDF, 60КВ)
- <u>Students Entering Ninth Grade 2011-2012 School Year</u> (PDF, 64КВ)
- <u>Students Entering Ninth Grade 2012-2013 School Year (PDF, 118кв)</u>
- Students Entering Ninth Grade 2013-2014 School Year (PDF, 130KB)

Effective for all students in the 2012-2013 school year and thereafter, if enrolled in U.S. History or U.S. History Honors the final course grade must include a minimum 30 percent of the U.S. History End-of-Course Assessment.

State Assessments for High School Graduation

Information related to statewide assessment requirements is available in Graduation Requirements for Florida's Statewide Assessments (PDF).

Transfer Students

If a student transfers into a Florida public high school from out of country, out of state, a private school, or a home school, the student's transcript is reviewed to determine if the student is required to take a Florida end-of-course (EOC) assessment in accordance with Rule <u>6A-1.09941</u> (Word), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), *State Uniform Transfer of High School Credit*. The <u>High School State Assessments by State</u> (PDF, 193KB) chart provides guidance on statewide standardized mathematics and EOC assessments.

Students with Disabilities

Each school district is responsible for providing services to students who are eligible for exceptional student education (ESE) programs. For additional information on state program contacts, please visit the Bureau of Exceptional Student Education's <u>ESE Programs</u> listing.

The individual educational plan (IEP) team makes the diploma decisions for students with disabilities who are eligible for exceptional student education (ESE). IEP teams should consider diploma options in the following order, according to the student's needs and abilities:

- Standard Diploma
- Special Diploma, Option 1
- Special Diploma, Option 2.

Information related to special diploma options and the transition of a student with disabilities from school to adult life is available in Transition Planning for Students with Disabilities: A Guide for Families.

Florida's Guide to Public High School Graduation

BCI Goal 2 Increase Proficiency Levels



Florida's raising the floor and the ceiling on student learning!

FCAT 2.0 Mathematics

State Percent Scoring Level 1					
Grade Level	2011	2012			
3	19	18			
4	19	18			
5	19	19			
6	22	23			
7	20	20			
8	22	22			

State Percent Scoring Level 3 and Above					
Grade Level	2011	2012			
3	56	58			
4	58	60			
5	56	57			
6	53	53			
7	56	56			
8	56	57			



Algebra 1 EOC Statewide Comparison

Percentage Scoring Level 1			Per	rcentage Sc	oring 3 or A	Above	
Grade	Summer 2012	Spring 2012	Winter 2011-201 2	Grade	Summer 2012	Spring 2012	Winter 2011-201 2
6	*	2	*	6	*	95	*
7	5	1	*	7	74	94	*
8	3	2	2	8	81	86	88
9	15	19	9	9	51	48	71
10	33	36	28	10	38	25	35
11	31	37	33	11	44	28	31
12	*	35	34	12	*	33	33

FAQs related to EOCs

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Frequently Asked Questions

Assessment and School Performance

Expand All Answers

Assessment and School Performance

All · FCAT - Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test® · FCAT 2.0—Florida Comprehensive Asse Florida Teacher Certification Examinations and FELE – Florida Educational Leadership Examinati

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Florida End-of-Course (EOC) Assessments

- 1. What are the Florida End-of-Course (EOC) Assessments?
- 2. What is the legislative authority for the Florida EOC Assessments?
- 3. What subject areas are tested by EOC assessments?
- 4. Which students will participate in the Algebra 1 EOC Assessment in the 2011-12 school year?
- 5. Which students will participate in the Biology 1 EOC Assessment in the 2011-12 school year?
- 6. Which students will participate in the Geometry EOC Assessment in the 2011-12 school year?
- 7. Are there plans for additional EOC assessments at this time
- 8. Are EOC assessments computer-based or paper-based?
- 9. When do students take the EOC assessments?
- 10 Are all students required to take the FOC assessments?

http://www.fldoe.org/faq/default.asp?Dept=179&Cat=125

BCI Strategies for Goal 2

- Develop and implement training for highly effective mathematics instruction.
 - Provide NGSSS/CCSS training opportunities
 - Work with other FLDOE Bureaus to enhance mathematics instruction

BEES, CTE, DA, SALA, RTTT, TDC

- Align curriculum to maximize student learning, so that concepts are progressive and deeper.
- □ Include NAEP Standards in Grade 4 and 8 Course Descriptions.
- Target lowest performing districts and provide additional resources, training, and support.
- Provide high quality resources (lessons, formative assessments, websites) through CPALMS and iCPALMS.
 - Develop and implement an effective communication system with district coordinators to improve mathematics teaching and learning.

BCI Goal 3 Decrease Achievement Gaps







Mathematics Assessments by Subgroups Level 3 and Above on FCAT 2.0 – 2011-2012

Subgroup	Percentage
American Indian	58
Asian	82
Black/African American	40
Hispanic	55
White	68
Economically Disadvantaged	48
English Language Learners	41
Students with Disabilities	32

BCI Strategies for Goal 3

- Continue collaborative efforts with the Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services (BEESS) to develop, promote, and utilize Model Lessons for Mathematics Enhanced by the Problem Solving Process within a Response to Instruction/Intervention (PS-RtI) Framework.
- Explore other opportunities to partner with BEESS to promote the implementation of PS-RtI at the classroom level with an emphasis on responding to individual student needs and fidelity of implementation.
- Identify strategies and/or methods used by teachers throughout the state who teach students with consistently high annual learning gains and explore the possibility of sharing these ideas with others.
- Identify quality model lessons that include differentiated instruction and align to the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics and submit these lessons as resources to be added to the standards database.
- Explore opportunities to partner with the Bureau of Student Achievement through Language Acquisition to provide additional support and guidance to district curriculum specialists and teachers on increasing student achievement for English Language Learners.



Course Descriptions

• CPALMS

- <u>www.cpalms.org</u>
- Hundreds of Common Core mathematics resources
- Progression Maps
- Visualizers

Course Version:	2011 - 2012	2012 - 2013 (current)	2013 - 2014	2014 - On		
i GENERAL INFOR	MATION					
Course Number:	5012070					
Course Path:	Section: Grades Pr Mathematics >	eK to 12 Education Courses	Grade Group: Gr	ades PreK to 5 Education Courses >	Subject: Mathematics > SubSe	ibjeCt: General
Course Title:	Mathematics - Grade Five					
Course Section:	Grades PreK to 12 Education Courses					
Abbreviated Title:	MATH GRADE Five					
Number of Credits:	NA					
Course Length:	Year (Y)					
Course Type:	Core					
Course Status:	State Board Appro	ved				







Course Descriptions

Course: Mathema	tics - Grade Five-5012070 (Related Course: Access Mathematics Grade 5 - 7712060) Collapse All				
Course Version:	2011 - 2012 2012 - 2013 (current) 2013 - 2014 2014 - On				
2 GENERAL INFOR	MATION				
Course Number:	5012070				
Course Path:	Section: Grades PreK to 12 Education Courses > Grade Group: Grades PreK to 5 Education Courses > Subject: Mathematics > SubSubject: General Mathematics >				
Course Title:	Mathematics - Grade Five				
Course Section:	Grades PreK to 12 Education Courses				
Abbreviated Title:	MATH GRADE Five				
Number of Credits:	NA				
Course Length:	Year (Y)				
Course Type:	Core				
Course Status:	State Board Approved				
STANDARDS (23)	~				

Course Descriptions

Algebra and Geometry Courses include:

Standards	Unit	Description	Idea/ Standard/ Cluster	Clarifying Remarks
MACC. 912.N-Q. 1.1	Unit 1 – Relationships Between Quantities and Reasoning with Equations	Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the	Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems.	Foundation for work with expressions, equations, and functions.
		origin in graphs and data displays.		

Common Core State Standards for Mathematics



http://www.corestandards.org/Math

Common Core State Standards for Mathematics

Standards for Mathematical Practice

- Across all grades levels
- Describes habits of mind of a mathematically expert students
- These standards should be woven into instruction on a daily basis

Standards for Mathematical Content

- Presented by grade level in K-8 and High School
- Organized into domains that progress over several grades
- Give 2-4 focal points at each grade level
- Presented by conceptual themes in high school

Common Core State Standards for Mathematics

Domains are larger groups of related standards. Standards from different domains may sometimes be closely related

Clusters are groups of related standards. Note that standards from different clusters may sometimes be closely related, because mathematics is a connected subject.

Standards define what students should understand and be able to do.

Conceptual Categories portray a coherent view of high school mathematics. The categories include: Number and Quantity (N); Algebra (A); Functions (F); Modeling (*); Geometry (G); Statistics and Probability (S).

Critical Areas are the big ideas of school mathematics at each grade level. More learning time should be devoted to the critical areas than to other content. The critical areas are designed to bring focus to the standards

Domains

K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	HS
Counting and Cardinality (CC)									
Numb	ber an	d Oper	ations	in Base	Ten	Th	<mark>e Num</mark> l	ber	Naraalaara
		(NI	3T)				System		and
			Nu Op Frae	mber a peration ctions (nd 1s- NF)	Ratio Propo Relatio s (l	s and rtional onship RP)		Quantity
								Funct	ions (F)
Operat	ions a	nd Alge	ebraic 7	Fhinkin	g (OA)	Expr	essions	s and	Algebra
	Equations (EE)					(A)			
	Geometry (G)								
М	easur	ement	and Da	ata (MD)				
						Statis	stics ar (S	nd Prob SP)	ability

Florida's Numbering of the Common Core State Standards

MACC.6.RP.1.1

Subject Grade Domain Cluster Standard

MACC.912.N-RN.2.3

Subject Grade Category Domain Cluster Standard

Shifts in Instruction

MATHEMATICS

1.Focus
2.Coherence
3.Fluency
4.Deep Understanding
5.Applications
6.Dual Intensity

Shift #1: Focus

Dig deeper, linger, where the standards focus

What the Student Does	What the Teacher Does
• Spend more time on fewer concepts.	• Excise content from the curriculum
	• Focus instructional time on priority concepts
	• Give students the gift of time

#1: Focus

Grade	Priorities in Support of Rich Instruction and Expectations of Fluency and Conceptual Understanding
K-2	Addition and subtraction, measurement using whole number quantities
3–5	Multiplication and division of whole numbers and fractions
6	Ratios and proportional reasoning; early expressions and equations
7	Ratios and proportional reasoning; arithmetic of rational numbers
8	Linear algebra

Shift #2: Coherence

Consider cross grade issues and link to major topics in each grade

• Duild on knowladge from	Connect the threads of math
 Build off knowledge from year to year, in a coherent learning progression . .	focus areas across grade levels Connect to the way content was taught the year before and the years after Focus on priority progressions

Shift #3: Fluency

What the Student Does	What the Teacher Does
 Spend time practicing, with intensity, skills (in high volume) 	 Push students to know basic skills at a greater level of fluency Focus on the listed fluencies by grade level Uses high quality problem sets, in high volume

Key Fluencies

Grade	Standard	Key Fluency
K	MACC.K.OA.1.5	Add/subtract within 5
1	MACC.1.OA.3.6	Add/subtract within 10
2	MACC.2.OA.2.2	Add/subtract within 20
	MACC.2.NBT.2.5	Add/subtract within 100 (pencil and paper)
3	MACC.3.NBT.1.2	Add/subtract within 1,000
5	MACC.3.OA.3.7	Multiply/divide within 100
4	MACC.4.2.4	Add/subtract within 1,000,000
	Critical Area #1	Develop fluency with efficient procedures for
		multiplying whole numbers
	MACC.5.NBT.2.5	Multi-digit multiplication
5	Critical Area #1	Developing fluency with addition and
		subtraction of fractions
6	MACC.6.NS.2.2	Multi-digit division
	MACC.6.NS.2.3	Multi-digit decimal operations
7	MACC.7.EE.2.4a	Solve $px + q = r$, $p(x + q) = r$
8	MACC.8.EE.3.8b	Solve simple 2×2 systems by inspection

Shift #4: Deep Understanding

For major topics, it's conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency and doing mathematics in context

What the Student Does	What the Teacher Does
• Show mastery of material at	• Create opportunities for
a deep level	students to understand the
Articulate mathematical	"answer" from a variety of
reasoning	access points
Demonstrate deep	• Ensure that EVERY student
conceptual understanding of	GETS IT before moving on
priority concepts	• Get smarter in concepts
	being taught

Shift #5: Application

Focus on using math and solving complex problems, similar to what would see in the real world in high school

What the Student Does	What the Teacher Does
• Apply math in other content areas and situations, as relevant	• Apply math including areas where its not directly required (i.e. in science)
 Choose the right math concept to solve a problem when not necessarily prompted to do so 	• Provide students with real world experiences and opportunities to apply what they have learned

Shift #6: Duel Intensity

Focus on problem-solving and communication

٦	What the Student Does	V	What the Teacher Does
•	Practice math skills with an intensity that results in fluency Practice math concepts with an intensity that	•	Find the dual intensity between understanding and practice within different periods or different units
	forces application in novel situations	•	Be ambitious in demands for fluency and practice, as well as the range of application

Next Generation Science Standards



Generation Science Standards

NGSS Second Public Draft will be

Released January 2013

January 08, 2013

November 28, 2012

Next Generation Science Standards for Today's Students and Tomorrow's Workforce: Through a collaborative, state-led process managed by Achieve, new K–12 science standards are being developed that will be rich in content and practice, arranged in a coherent manner across disciplines and grades to provide all students an internationally benchmarked science education. The



Take Action Now

Form Teams at your Institution

- Team includes COE faculty, content faculty, leadership, district personnel, teachers
- Team attends trainings, shares information, creates workshops, maintains connections

Connect with local school districts

Ask to be included in school
 PD

Re-connect with current teaching

- Visit classrooms, offer to co-teach, get involved to experience district implementation
- ***** Use the new standards



Resources

- CPALMS
 - <u>http://www.floridastandards.org</u>
- Common Core State Standards for Mathematics
 - <u>http://www.corestandards.org</u>
- CCSS Toolbox
 - <u>http://www.ccsstoolbox.com/</u>
- The Hunt Institute
 - <u>http://www.youtube.com/user/</u> <u>TheHuntInstitute</u>
- The Teaching Channel
 - <u>https://www.teachingchannel.org</u>
- Achieve
 - <u>http://achieve.org</u>

- Inside Mathematics
 - <u>http://</u> <u>www.insidemathematics</u> <u>.org/index.php/</u> <u>common-core-</u> standards
- Illustrative Mathematics
 - <u>http://</u> illustrativemathematics. <u>org/</u>
- National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) –
 - <u>http://www.nctm.org</u> PARCC
 - <u>http://</u>





2013 CCSS Summer Training

Dates	Location
June 18-19	Gulf Breeze HS, Santa Rosa County
June 25-26	Boca Ciega HS, Pinellas County
June 27-28	Boca Ciega HS, Pinellas County
July 16-17	Santaluces HS, Palm Beach County
July 18-19	Santaluces HS, Palm Beach County
July 23-24	Atlantic Coast HS, Duval County
July 25-26	First Coast HS, Duval County

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